



# Toolbox Talks

Weekly Tailgate Topic\_

11-47

Discuss with crews on

[INSERT DATE]

## March Safety Talk Week 2 Instructions for Conducting a Job Hazard Analysis

#### How do I start?

- 1. Involve employees.
  - Discuss what you are going to do and why
  - Explain that you are studying the task, not employee performance
  - Involve the employees in the entire process
- 2. Review your company's accident/injury/illness/near miss history to determine which jobs pose the highest risk to employees.
- 3. Identify the <u>BC Worksafe Standards</u> that apply to your jobs. Incorporate their requirements into your JHA.
- 4. Set priorities
  - You may want to give priority to:
  - Jobs with the highest injury or illness rates;
  - Jobs where there have been "close calls" where an incident occurred but no one got hurt;
  - Jobs where you have identified violations of OSHA standards;
  - Jobs with the potential to cause serious injuries or illness, even if there is no history of such problems;
  - Jobs in which one simple human mistake could lead to severe injury;
  - Jobs that are new to your operation of have been changed; and
  - Jobs complex enough to require written instructions.

### How do I do it?

- 1. Break the job task into steps.
  - Watch the worker do the job and list each step in order
  - Begin each step with a verb, for example, "Turn on the saw."
  - Do not make it too broad or too detailed
  - You may want to photograph or videotape

400, 625 Agnes Street, New Westminster, BC V3M 5Y4 • Office: 604.636.3675 • Toll Free: 1.877.860.375 • Fax: 604-636-3676 • www.bccsa.ca

 Review the steps with the worker and other workers who do the same job to make sure you have not left anything out.

#### EXAMPLE:

TASK	HAZARDS	RECOMMENDATIONS
1. Reach into box to the right of the machine, grasp casting and carry to wheel		
2. Push casting against wheel to grind off burr.		
3.Place finished casting in box to the left of the machine.		

2. Identify the hazards of each step. For each hazard, ask:

- What can go wrong?
- What are the consequences?
- How could it happen?
- What are other contributing factors?
- How likely is it that the hazard will occur?

#### EXAMPLE:

TASK	HAZARDS	RECOMMENDATIONS
1. Reach into box to the right of the machine, grasp casting and carry to wheel	Strike hand on edge of metal box or casting; cut hand on burr. Drop casting on toes.	
2. Push casting against wheel to grind off burr.	Strike hand against wheel, sparks in eyes. Wheel breakage, dust, sleeves get caught	
3.Place finished casting in box to the left of the machine.	Strike hand against metal box or casting	

**3.** Review the list of hazards with employees who do the job. Discuss what could eliminate or reduce them.

**4.** Identify ways to eliminate or reduce the hazards.

- Safer way to do the job
- Describe each step
- Be specific don't use generalizations like "Be Careful"
- Changes in equipment
- Equipment changes, or engineering controls, are the first choice because they can eliminate the hazard
- E.g. machine guards, improved lighting, better ventilation
- Changes in work processes
- Administrative controls, or changes in how the task is done, can be used if engineering controls aren't possible
- E.g. rotating jobs, changing the steps, training
- Changes in personal protective protective equipment
- When engineering and administrative controls aren't possible or don't adequately protect the workers, use personal protective equipment
- E.g. gloves, hearing protection

#### EXAMPLE

TASK	HAZARDS	RECOMMENDATIONS
1. Reach into box to the right of the machine, grasp casting and carry to wheel	<ul> <li>Strike hand on edge of metal box or casting; cut hand on burr. Drop casting on toes.</li> </ul>	Provide gloves and safety shoes.
2. Push casting against wheel to grind off burr.	<ul> <li>Strike hand against wheel, sparks in eyes. Wheel breakage, dust, sleeves get caught</li> </ul>	Provide larger guard over wheel. Install exhaust system. Install exhaust system. Provide safety goggles. Instruct employee to wear short sleeved shirts.
3.Place finished casting in box to the left of the machine.	<ul> <li>Strike hand against metal box or casting</li> </ul>	Provide tool for removal of completed stock.

#### What do I do next?

- 1. Correct the unsafe conditions and processes.
- Train all employees who do the job on the changes
- Make sure they understand the changes

- 2. Review the JHAs.
- Periodically you may find hazards you missed before
- When he task or process is changed
- When injuries or close calls occur when doing the task
- 3. Use the JHAs.
- Training
- Accident investigation
- 4. Hand In Rough Draft JHA to Office to Get Typed and for Distribution